

WANTS 1 CENT WORD ISSUE
The Colonist

The Daily Colonist.

WELLINGTON COLLIERIES
COAL
Hall, Goepel & Company
Telephone 83
100 Government Street

VOL. LXXX.--NO. 49

VICTORIA, B.C., SUNDAY AUGUST 7 1898

FORTY-FIRST YEAR

Sterling Silver

CUT GLASS

New Goods. Just Arrived.

Brushes, Mirrors, Boxes, Shoe-horns, Button-hooks, Bon-bon Dishes, Maileure Sets, etc., etc.

THE NEW DESIGNS, THE NEW PRICES.

Come Friday and see the new goods.

Chaloner, Mitchell & Co., 47 GOVERNMENT STREET

THE DEMAND FOR

TETLEY'S

PACKAGE TEAS

Still continues to increase. Sold by all Grocers and Tea Merchants.

HUDSON'S BAY CO'Y

Agents, Victoria, B. C.

Klondike Outfitting.....

WILSON BROS.

Wholesale Grocers

Have the largest and best selected Stock in the city of PROVISIONS, GROCERIES, TOOLS, COOKING UTENSILS, TENTS, ETC. We have had large experience as to what goods are required and how to pack them so that they may arrive at their destination in good order.

76 and 79, 80 Wharf St., Victoria, B.C.

E. J. SAUNDERS & CO

A PERFECT CATARACT

Of groceries flows from our store in a week. Those who have once purchased here need no second urging to deal with us. They are satisfied that the quality is the best obtainable, and prices the lowest consistent with good value.

We endeavor to make dissatisfaction impossible, and customers who believe they have cause of complaint are requested to inform us. We will gladly rectify errors.

A DEAD LOCK....

Fathers, be good: there is nothing in fighting now. Your teen is half out. Money all spent. An exhibition of temper punies. Ratspeyers laughing at you.

Come to us and buy a nice breakfast dish FLAKED BAKLEY—new and nice.

A cup of OUR BLEND TEA is very refreshing this hot term.

Half-gallon Self-sealing Jars, \$1.00
Quart " " .75
Pint " " .50
Wheat, 100 Lbs., \$1.50
A Full Line of Canned Meats.

DIXIE H. ROSS & CO.

DO YOU USE

A GAS STOVE?

THE VICTORIA GAS CO., LTD.

Are now loaning and fitting up free of charge Gas Cooking and Heating Stoves. Gas is sold at the reduced rate of \$1.25 per M. cubic feet for fuel.

Advantages of using gas for cooking purposes: 1—Less heat in kitchen. 2—A gas stove is always ready for instant use, day or night. 3—A gas stove will do all the cooking a coal or wood stove does only quicker and cleaner. 4—A gas stove means less work, no fuel to carry or ashes to remove. 5—Food is not placed in contact with the gas. 6—The average cost of using a gas range in this city does not exceed \$1.75 per month.

Stoves can be seen at any time at the gas works, where any further information will be gladly given.

HIGH LIFE

CIGARETTES

Are, Without a Doubt, in Quality and Price

The Very Best Made

E. A. MORRIS'

Headquarters for

MINERS' SUPPLIES

SIMON LEISER & CO.

Victoria, B.C.

AUCTION

At Hardaker's Rooms, 77, 79 and 81 Douglas Street

Friday, August 12, at 2 o'clock

A large quantity of Valuable

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

Carpets, 2 Top Buggies, Etc. Particulars Later.

W. T. HARDAKER, Auctioneer.

Auction Sale

At 62 Douglas Street.

RALPH CHURTON

Will sell on

Tuesday Next, Aug. 9, 2 p.m.

Household Furniture.

Nearly New Box-Wire Wave and Wool Mattresses, Half Plate Optimum Camera, Capital Buggy, Set of Harness, Garden Swing, 3 Good Bureaus broken to harness—and a very fine 2-year old St. Bernard Dog.

...W. JONES...

AUCTIONEER.

Offers for sale, by private bargain, one of the choicest homesteads on the coast, containing 500 acres of land, with large well-kept orchard, profitable hotel, over 100 acres cultivated land, the whole well fenced, fronting on a fine sporting lake and the main trunk road, six miles from the city; close to church, school and railway station. This is one of the biggest bargains ever offered investors. Price low; terms to suit. A fortune to right party.

AUCTION SALE.

DESIRABLE FURNITURE.

On Wednesday, August 10, at 2 p.m.

I am instructed by Mr. J. A. Brown, 91 Blanchard and Farquhar streets, in rear of Presbyterian Church, to sell all his household effects, etc. Drawing Room Suite (in mahogany and mahogany), Pearly Birch Book Case and Writing Desk (with mirror), Oak Centre Table, Oak and Mahogany Rockers, Art Chairs, Walnut Settee, Flower Pots, Brussels Carpets, etc. Hall—Carved Oak Set (three pieces), Sixteenth Century Oak Hall Rack, Heater, Chandelier Portieres and Poles, Sixteenth Century Oak Dining Table, six Dining Chairs and Rockers to match, Antique Oak Sideboard, three Bedroom Suites, viz., one solid Antique Oak Set (four pieces), Mattresses, etc., one mahogany Walnut Set (five pieces), one Birch Set (four pieces), Rattan Chairs, Walnut Sofa, three Bedroom Carpets, Toilet Sets, Pictures, etc., etc., a new Majestic Steel Range (with warming oven), Cooking Utensils, Tables, Wash-stand, Stove-pipe, Lawn Mower, Garden Hose, etc.

The goods will be open to inspection Tuesday afternoon and Wednesday morning at 9 o'clock.

GEORGE BYRNES, Auctioneer.

Municipal Notice

SEWERS' RENTALS.

Notice is hereby given that the 1st day of August next is the last day for paying rent due for the year 1898, under the Sewers Rental By-Law, 1898.

In default of payment at my office, City Hall, by the said 1st day of August, the said rent will be collected by process of law.

CHARLES KENT,
Collector of the Corporation of the City of Victoria.

City Treasurer and Collector's Office, City Hall, Victoria, B. C., July 23, 1898.

A SNUB BY BISMARCKS

German Emperor's Tender of Honors Refused and the Coffin Closed Against Him.

Imperial Chancellor Also Slighted Though a Personal Friend of the Dead Prince.

His Family Said That He Wanted a Rest, and Especially After Death.

Berlin, Aug. 6.—The death of Prince Bismarck has engrossed public attention throughout the week. While it cannot truthfully be said that the impression created by the sudden death of the great chancellor was as deep as would have been expected, and while there was nothing like general mourning visible, yet there were unmistakable evidences of widespread sympathy. The publications and revelations which so quickly followed the death of the Prince have naturally created a sensation and deep anger in government circles, and there is great surprise and resentment at the attitude of the Bismarck family.

The Emperor left nothing undone that could testify his personal grief of his sense of the greatness of the loss to Germany. His proclamation addressed to the imperial chancellor, Prince Hohenlohe, has given him satisfaction throughout the country and it is generally admitted that no little magnanimity was required to enable his Majesty to preserve with unruffled serenity in the face of the evident suzerainty of the family. He devised most splendid public honors for the deceased statesman and when his offer to place the latter's remains besides his grandfathers was refused, the Emperor carried out what was possible in the shape of a public funeral, regardless of the absence of any Bismarcks.

The Vossische Zeitung referring to the matter says: "We do not wish to pass judgment and only chronic facts. The notice of the death addressed to the Emperor did not bear the signature of his son, but that of the doctor. The Emperor commissioned Prof. Begas to get a cast of the features, but the emissary of the sculptor was obliged to leave Friedrichsruhe without fulfilling his mission. The Emperor decided to see the body, but the coffin was closed before he could do so, although according to the testimony of Professor Lembacher, neither were the features of Prince Bismarck disfigured nor were there any signs of decomposition. When the monarch arrived at Friedrichsruhe the ex-minister of state, Prince Herbert, did not appear in uniform or wear a military sash, but appeared only as a private gentleman. It cannot be that the nations will have drawn definite inferences from these facts.

But it was not against the Emperor alone that Prince Bismarck's family acted. The Grand Duke of Saxe-Weimar and the Grand Duke of Hesse and Oldenburg were wired to stay away. Even Prince Hohenlohe, although a personal friend of the deceased and whose coming had been heralded in time, was not allowed to see the body. The coffin was soldered down fifteen minutes before his arrival, to the intense sorrow of the aged chancellor. Persons who were present in the house at the time affirm that Prince Herbert issued orders to solder the coffin at the moment when the Emperor arrived announcing his Majesty's coming to Friedrichsruhe.

A number of the German people assume that the strange behavior was partly because there were at the house a number of highly important and sensational papers, mostly letters to Prince Bismarck, and that there was fear that these might be stolen in the bustle and turmoil occasioned by the crowds of visitors.

The order countermarching the public obsequies was received here with consternation. The Bismarck family gave out that the peculiar method of conducting the arrangements for Prince Bismarck's temporary interment were wholly in conformity with his wishes, adding that the deceased had remarked that he "wanted a rest, and especially after death."

THE RETURNING TROOPS.

Transport Fleet Off Santiago Awaiting Orders—Treasure From a Spanish Warship.

Playa del Este, Aug. 6.—The auxiliary cruiser St. Louis has arrived here from Porto Rico under orders to assist in taking the United States troops home from Santiago. Captain Goodrich, however, thinks his ship is too long to enter the harbor and he will remain here till the matter is settled. The transport San Juan arrived from Santiago with troops and provisions and proceeded for Caimanera. The Arnesia has left for Key West. The fleet still remains here awaiting orders from Washington.

Rear Admiral Sampson expresses the hope that the peace negotiations will come to a quick conclusion. He is anxious to take aggressive action on the south coast without delay, or in the event of peace being concluded to immediately relieve the suffering imposed by the rigor of the blockade. Throughout the campaign, Admiral Sampson's keen appreciation of the suffering of the half-starved Cubans and his endeavor to afford them relief have been a marked feature.

The Potomac has recovered \$10,000 from the Infanta Maria Teresa, which was driven ashore at the time Admiral Cervera attempted to escape from Santiago.

The transport Resolute, with marines aboard, is still here. The shore is deserted save for the cable operators and our marines who are on guard. The newspapers containing Admiral Sampson's report of the battle on July 3 arrived here last night. They were eagerly read throughout the fleet, and the report created intense satisfaction.

MONEY TO LOAN.

On Victoria real estate by the Yorkshire Guarantee and Security Corporation, repayable in a strict sum, and by the Dominion Building and Loan Association, repayable by a definite number of easy monthly payments extending from 3 to 10 years, as may be agreed upon.

STOCKS FOR SALE.

Van Andra	54
Monte Cristo	35
Noble Five	38
Monte Crivo	34
Victoria-Tesada	31
Deer Park	20
Dardanelles	50
Slocan Star	1.40
Croft House	25
Iron Mask	80
Nest Egg, Fire Fly	3
Albert Consolidated	25

Quotations for other stocks to be had on application at our office. List your stocks with us, as we are in daily communication, by wire, with Toronto, Montreal, Spokane, Rossland and other outside cities.

WANTED.

We have purchasers for Poorman, West Le Rol, Eureka Consolidated, Cariboo (of Camp McKinnay), Cariboo Hydraulic, and Nelson & Fort Sheppard Railway Company shares.

FINE RESIDENCE FOR SALE.

Either furnished or unfurnished, the property of Hedley Chapman, situated on Dallas Road, and commanding a magnificent view of the Straits and the Olympian Mountains. For further particulars call at our office.

HOUSES FOR SALE.

In all parts of the city. Call and examine our list before purchasing.

FARMS FOR SALE.

On Vancouver Island and in all parts of the Province. Call and examine our list before purchasing elsewhere. \$5,200 can purchase an excellent farm on Vancouver Island, with 9-roomed house and good farm buildings, and about 80 acres, cleared.

A. W. MORE & CO.,
Stock Brokers and Real Estate Agents,
86 Government Street.

THE TERMS ACCEPTED

Queen Regent of Spain Formally Approves of Peace on McKinley's Terms.

Washington Gave Sagasta Time to Make the Best of His Desperate Situation.

Eastern Squadron All Ready to Touch Up Spaniards in Case of Hitch.

Washington, Aug. 6.—Just a week ago to-day Ambassador Cambon received from the President the terms of peace that would be granted by the United States. When the department closed its doors this afternoon the Spanish government had not signified whether or not it was prepared to accept the conditions. Every day during the past week an answer has been expected, and that same feeling of expectancy prevailed at the close of the week. It is significant that all responsible government officials are satisfied the reply will be an acceptance of the American terms when it does come. About 2.30 Secretary Thiebalt of the French embassy called at the state department, thus giving rise to the supposition that he was seeking to make an appointment for the ambassador to meet the President to deliver the Spanish answer. This, however, turned out to be erroneous, M. Thiebalt's business being connected with some of the recent seizures of the French merchant vessels by the blockading fleet and relating in no way to the Spanish peace negotiations.

It was the belief of the officials when the day closed that there is now little likelihood of its receipts by the President before Monday. While all the delay is deprecated, it is realized that Sagasta probably is making the struggle of his life to bring the Spanish party leaders to the point where they will agree to stand by him in his acceptance of the terms of peace.

Notwithstanding statements to the effect that the projected cruise against the Spanish coast by the Eastern squadron has been abandoned, Secretary Loig stated this afternoon that no change has been made in the plans of the department respecting that squadron.

The war department officials now say that Shafter's army will begin embarking in earnest to-morrow.

The Merritt-Chapman Wrecking Company has informed the navy department that the wreckers have started to float the Spanish cruiser Maria Teresa and are to start her under her own steam to Norfolk. The department has nothing to do with this voyage, the wreckers having contracted to deliver at Norfolk any of the vessels of Cervera's fleet that might be recovered.

New York, Aug. 6.—A Madrid despatch to the New York Journal says: The Queen Regent has approved the reply of the Spanish government to the United States, accepting the conditions laid down by the latter under which peace will be concluded.

AFFAIRS IN DAWSON.

Action of the Officials is Causing Dissatisfaction, Says Reuter's Agent.

The following despatch from Reuter's agent in Dawson was recently received here to be forwarded to all parts of the globe:

Dawson, N.W.T., July 13.—Hill claims on Dominion Creek, for several months closed, were thrown open last week for location, resulting in a rush from Dawson. Over two thousand men and woman on horseback and afoot, to scramble for eight hundred available claims. The manner of the throwing open gave great dissatisfaction. Two proclamations were issued, the second cancelling the first after an interval of several days, and kept secret until the day after the date of opening. In the meanwhile information was passed from friend to friend until hundreds were on the way to locate, and before the proclamation was posted the creek was staked from end to end, a distance from Dawson, over forty miles of mountain and marsh, was nevertheless done by some in ten and many in twelve hours. One man died on the trail, and many are in the hospital as the result of over exertion. There has been no disturbance, but a very general expression of indignation at the action of the mining officials. Mass meetings were held here, carrying resolutions condemning this and other mining regulation. The discontent is becoming very active, Canadians leading the Americans. Nobody anticipates more than an orderly agitation, but everyone agrees that changes must occur. The arrivals are decreasing and many are returning home or proceeding to American territory. Unquestionably too many people are here now, there is little work and less ground for staking until further discoveries have been made. The wash of last winter's workings continues satisfactory, considerable dust coming in. Encouraging results are being received from summer work on hill claims, which were formerly considered of little value, but are now producing in many cases more than the season's output will exceed the former estimate of eight millions; it might even reach ten if the miners, who unwillingly pay the royalty, decide to wash their dumps. It is reported that some rich discoveries have been made on the McQuestin, a tributary of the Stewart.

PORTO RICO CABLE.

A New and Direct Connection Likely to Follow Conquest by United States.

New York, Aug. 6.—One of the first business enterprises to follow the acquisition of Porto Rico is likely to be cable connection of that island with the United States. The existing lines are very roundabout, are under foreign control and the rates charged are nearly five times the rates to England or France, while the distance covered is much less. The New York Herald urges a government cable.

A WISE MOTHER.

Will always have a well-ried and reliable remedy in the house for scalds and burns, as accidents are liable to occur at any time without warning. Griffith's Magic Liniment stops the burning sensation instantly and produces that soothing and cooling sensation, a virtue possessed only by this remedy. No home should be without it. All druggists, 25 cents.

ATHLETE AND SWEET CAPORAL

10 CENTS PER PACKET.

CIGARETTES

H. L. SALMON'S, LEADING TOBACCONIST

Salmon Block - Victoria, B. C.

TENNIS TOURNAMENT OVER

The Annual Contest Winds Up
With All Championships
Held in Victoria.

Brilliant Play in the Final Events
—Presentation of Hand-
some Prizes.

Hard-fought matches, some close and exciting, some walk-overs, but for the most part of the "I told you so" order, marked the final day of the eleventh annual tournament of the Victoria Lawn Tennis Club. As usual, the Victoria players captured the majority of events, in fact, all the first prizes were carried off by home players, the championship in ladies' doubles being brought back to Victoria by Miss N. Goward and Miss Macrae, who defeated the Vancouver team, last year's champions, and that in men's doubles being won by Foulkes and Rithet. Hurd and Wright, of Seattle, who won last year, were not present to defend their title.

The opening event of the day was the final in ladies' singles, which was scheduled for 10 a.m. Spectators were not so numerous as on previous mornings, but those who were fortunate enough to be present witnessed the closest fight and best tennis that has ever been seen in this event in a Victoria tournament. Miss Goward was, of course, looked upon as the likely winner, but all who had followed the play of her opponent, Miss Beattie of Vancouver, during the week, knew that Miss Goward would have no small trouble in retaining her laurels. Miss Beattie plays a remarkably steady game, has good staying powers, and plays her hardest from first to last. She is weak in her back hand strokes, but keeps a good length, and has an excellent cross-court drive. As an on-looker expressed it, "She is never beaten until the ball bounces twice." But Miss Goward's game, although very similar in many respects to that of the Vancouver player, is, as results prove, a few points superior. A coincidence worthy of note is that the score in the first seven games of the first and second sets reads precisely the same, 4-3 in Miss Goward's favor.

Miss Beattie took the first set, 6-4. But in the second Miss Goward won out the last two games, and she also took the third set, 6-3, winning the championship through her superior staying powers and coolness at critical moments. The semi-final in the mixed doubles was called for 11 a.m., and was won by A. D. Severs and Miss Patton, who defeated from S. E. Card, R. N. and Mrs. Langley, 6-4, 6-2. Severs plays a clever game in doubles, seldom failing to take advantage of the smallest opening. And he was most ably supported by his partner, who is noted for the way in which she returns every ball she can possibly reach, and many that seem impossible. Between them they gave Card few opportunities for his hard drives, and although Mrs. Langley and her partner played steadily, they were defeated by clever hand work.

The third event of the morning was the final in ladies' doubles, in which Miss Goward and Miss Macrae defeated Miss Twigg and Miss Roberts, of Vancouver, in straight sets, by a score of 6-4, 6-3. The Vancouver ladies were a strong double, but they were unable to overcome the steadiness of their Victoria rivals.

By 2 o'clock, the hour fixed for the men's doubles, finals, the stand was well filled with an eager crowd of spectators, and before the afternoon was far advanced every available foot of space about the courts was taken up. The music of a mandolin and guitar band made a pleasant diversion.

Foulkes and Rithet had a close match with Powell and Dickinson in the doubles. For the first three sets it was anybody's match. After five games all in the first set, Foulkes and his partner won, but Powell and Dickinson "bucked up" and captured the second, 6-4. Four all was again the score in the third, and once more Foulkes and Rithet won, in the last set they won rather easily by 6 games to 1. Powell and Dickinson going to pieces somewhat, and playing a "trifle wildly." This was probably the best match of the day, and was well worth watching. Excitement ran high amongst the spectators, and the applause was frequent and well sustained after each of the sharp and brilliant rallies, hard smashes and clean drives.

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In the finals in mixed doubles Miss Goward made her third appearance of the day, and with the help of her brother, A. T. Goward, scored her third victory. A. D. Severs and Miss Patton were the other contestants. Once more "steadiness" proved victorious. The Goward won, 6-4, 6-2.

Everyone was anxious to see what kind of a fight "Robby" Powell would put up against Foulkes, the champion in singles. For though no one expected the brilliant "young un" to win, many hoped he would be able to take at least one set of the match. Powell's record during the present tournament has been very creditable.

With Miss Goward as his partner he won the handicap doubles. He was in the finals in the open doubles, and got as far as the semi-finals in the open mixed doubles, but "scratched" on account of his other matches. And he was also "runner-up" in the singles, having defeated four strong players, all likely men. He was a surprise to the visiting players, who marvelled at the staidness and brilliant play, as well as the clever hand work of the youthful player. More than one remarked on the difference in his "form" from that of other Victoria players, it being modelled more on the lines of the Newport than of the English game. When another year or so has increased his reach and stamina, and experience has added to his cunning he will probably give anybody a hard run for the championship. As it was, he was no match for his opponent yesterday.

Summer Underwear 90c.
ner suit. B. Williams & Co.

THE BEST

Brilliant Play in the Final Events
—Presentation of Hand-
some Prizes.

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Without exception is manufactured by
THE OKANAGAN FLOUR MILLS CO., OF
ARMSTRONG, B.C.
A Home Institution. If you want satisfaction use
O.K. BRANDS OF FLOUR
Hungarian—Strong Bakers
Graham—Whole Wheat—Best
Pastry, Etc.

TURNER, BEETON & CO.
SOLE AGENTS FOR VICTORIA, B.C.

Seagram's Whisky and "Thistle Blend"

SOLE AGENTS
R. P. RITHET & CO., Ltd.

Foulkes was in his best form. His lame knee seemed to trouble him not at all. He was never pressed, and won comparatively easily in straight sets, 6-1, 6-2, 6-1. Powell was, perhaps, a bit fagged by his previous match, and, no doubt, somewhat nervous. His play was not as accurate as usual. He had the sympathy of the crowd, who applauded vigorously whenever he succeeded in passing his older antagonist. But the champion knew the game too well for him, and most of the time contented himself with letting the "young un" beat himself.

Refreshments were served in the marquee erected on the board court. After the matches were finished the prizes—more handsome even than usual, this year—were presented by Mrs. Miles. Speeches were made by the president of the club, Hon. C. E. Pooley, and others, a vote of thanks passed to the secretary and that most assiduous and obliging of scorers, Rev. Canon Beaudant, and three cheers given for the club. Later on an exhibition match was played by Messrs. Combe and Goward vs. Dickinson and Foulkes. With which event the tournament for 1898 came to a close.

A summary of the day's play follows:
LADIES' SINGLES—FINAL.
Miss M. Goward beat Miss M. Beattie (Vancouver)—4-6, 6-3, 6-2.

LADIES' DOUBLES—FINAL.
Miss M. Goward and Miss M. Macrae beat Miss Twigg and Miss Roberts (Vancouver)—6-4, 6-3.

MIXED DOUBLES—SEMI-FINAL.
A. D. Severs and Miss Patton beat S. E. Card, R. N. and Mrs. Langley—6-4, 6-2.

Final—A. T. Goward and Miss M. Goward beat A. D. Severs and Miss Patton—6-4, 6-2.

GENTLEMEN'S DOUBLES—FINAL.
J. F. Foulkes and J. A. Rithet beat R. B. Powell and F. Dickinson—7-5, 4-6, 6-4, 6-1.

GENTLEMEN'S SINGLES—FINAL.
J. F. Foulkes beat R. B. Powell—6-1, 6-2, 6-1.

CORRECTION.
To the Editor:—In my article appearing in your issue of to-day, you will notice two errors in setting the type, namely, one where the singular is used instead of the plural (man instead of men), and an omission of the word men in the last paragraph. The first error is to be found in that connection where I allude to the business men being put upon their mettle, and the omission where I urge the citizens to meet the business men, etc.

ALFRED HUGGETT.
Victoria, August 6, 1898.

NOT HEART DISEASE.

But Dyspepsia Is the Cause of
"Stitch in the Side," Etc.

Why Many People Think They Have Heart Disease—How Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets Correct That Idea by Curing the Cause.

Thousands of cases of so-called "Heart Disease" are nothing more or less than a certain form of Dyspepsia.

The victim is afflicted with pain, or "stitch" in the side, palpitation of the heart, or painful shortness of breath, after running, walking fast, or other exertion.

These are always looked on as symptoms of Heart Disease.

They are not necessarily so. They are generally due to a much simpler cause.

In certain forms of Dyspepsia the stomach distends, or swells, after meals. This is because it is unable to digest the food which accumulates, forming a hard mass. When fresh food is taken, the walls of the stomach are forced outward and upward, to make the extra room needed.

Soon this distention, or swelling becomes so great that the space in which the heart throbs is encroached upon.

The result is that the heart cannot work properly—its beat is shortened, as you would shorten the swing of a clock pendulum, by decreasing the space in which it moves.

Then palpitation, which is simply the short, rapid throbbing of the heart, follows.

The other symptoms named are due to this cause also.

Cure that case of Dyspepsia, and the so-called "Heart Disease" disappears.

Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets are the only remedy known that can effect this result.

They cure Dyspepsia by digesting the food. The stomach, freed of its unnatural load, returns to its natural size, the pressure is taken from the heart—and all is well.

Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets are sold by all druggists, at fifty cents a box, six boxes \$2.50, or sent, on receipt of price, by The Dodds Medicine Co., Limited, Toronto.

It is stated in London that "the ritualistic difficulties in the church of England are in a fair way of settlement on the lines of toleration and comprehensiveness." The Bishop of London has issued a letter for the guidance of his clergy and his points are said to be few and simple.

Windsor Salt
Purest and Best for Table and Dairy
No adulteration Never cakes.

Mr. Bunting—Young Grimsby is going to marry old Mrs. Broadbent. Mrs. Bunting (last night) for the land's sake! Mr. Bunting—Partly and partly for the sake of her bank account.—Judge.

CARTER'S
LIVER PILLS.
CURE
SICK
HEAD
ACHE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Browsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, etc. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the bowels, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

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River Service.

THE
Str. "Casca"

will leave
Wrangel, Aug. 1st

and every ten days
thereafter for.....

GLENORA
TELEGRAPH CREEK

For rates apply at the office of
Casca Steamboat Comp'y.

43 Fort Street, Victoria.

Pacific Coast Steamship Co.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO
The Company's elegant
steamships Queen, Walla Walla
and Umatilla, carrying 1100
passengers, leave Victoria, B.C.,
Aug. 7, 12, 17, 22, 27, Sept.
1, 6, 11, 16, 21, 26, Oct. 1 and
every fifth day thereafter.

Leave San Francisco for Victoria, B.C.,
Aug. 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, Sept. 5, 10,
15, 20, 25, Oct. 3 and every fifth day
thereafter.

FOR ALASKA
The elegant steamships Cottage City,
City of Topeka and Alki leave
VICTORIA,
B. C., D. M., August 3, 8, 13, 18, 23, 28,
Sept. 7, 12, 17, 22, 27, Oct. 2, and every
fifth day thereafter.

For further information obtain folder.
The company reserves the right to change
without previous notice steamers, sailing
dates and hours of sailing.

J. P. RITHET & Co., Agents, Victoria.
J. F. TROWBRIDGE, P. S. Supt., Seattle.
G. W. LALL, P. S. Supt., San Francisco.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY CO.

Commencing Monday, November 1, 1897, the
STEAMER
City of Nanaimo
W. D. Owen,
Master

will sail as follows, calling at way ports
freight and passengers may offer:

Leave Victoria for Nanaimo, Tuesday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox, Wednesday 7 a.m.
" Comox for Nanaimo, Friday, 8 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria, Saturday, 7 a.m.

For freight or storerooms apply on board, or
at the Company's ticket office, Victoria Station
208 street.

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The Colonist.

SUNDAY, AUGUST 7, 1898.

Published by

The Colonist Printing & Publishing Co.,

Limited Liability.

27 Broad Street, Victoria, B.C.
W. H. ELLIS, Manager.

THE WATERWORKS.

We print a letter from His Worship the Mayor, covering three others dealing with the proposal to use the reservoir in its present condition. The discussion, which this matter is receiving is doing a great deal of good. The Colonist hopes that some few property holders will get together and circulate the requisite petition for the re-submission of the by-law. There is very little doubt about its being carried.

THE HAWAIIAN EXPERIMENT.

The annexation of the Hawaiian group to the United States has been brought about so very quietly that few people have taken time to consider what it involves. The mere retention of the islands by the United States is a small matter. Difficulty arises only when an effort is made to determine what will be done with them, and this is in part a racial problem and in part a social one. The population of the islands is under 100,000, about one-third being of the native race, another third consisting of Chinese and Japanese, and the other third a miscellaneous collection in which Portuguese and half-caste Kanakas predominate. The British, American, German and French elements together number less than 5,000. It will be against the traditions of the United States government to refuse the franchise to any people, who have hitherto enjoyed the right of self-government under a constitution, and this the native Kanakas have possessed. But it will be difficult to allow them to vote and withhold the right from the Japanese, and it is conceded that, if the Japanese vote, the ballot must also be given to the Chinese. This is one of the first questions that must be settled and how to settle it is not very easy to decide. The Americans resident in the islands regard the fate of the native islanders with indifference, looking for their extinction as a matter of course; but the native women have to be reckoned with, and they show no disposition to allow this to happen. They marry natives, white men, Chinese, Japanese, in fact they are indifferent to the race, creed or color of their husbands. The consequence is that the islands are being filled with the most variegated assortment of lineages conceivable. China, Japan, New England, Germany, Fiji and Hawaii may be all represented in the blood of some lithe youth or attractive maiden. A recent writer says the social status of these people of indefinite nationality is likely to be the source of very great friction.

As Hawaii has now dropped out of the list of independent governments a brief sketch of its history will be timely. The first European to visit this interesting group of islands was Graetano, who landed there in 1542, or just half a century after the discovery of America. More than two centuries elapsed before another white man set foot upon their soil, their rediscoverer being Capt. Cook, whose first visit was in 1778. The following year he returned, and was murdered in revenge for his having flogged a native for stealing. At this time the islands were under a sort of feudal system, but early in the present century Kamehameha, a powerful chief, succeeded in having himself recognized as king of the entire group. He was succeeded by another king of the same name, who went to England with his queen, and died there in 1823. Kamehameha III. was a man of considerable ability. He gave the people a constitution, and secured recognition as a sovereign from Great Britain, the United States and nearly all the leading governments. Two other kings of the same name followed in order and in the reign of the last one the constitution was amended, and was succeeded by Lunaluahu, and was succeeded by Lunaluahu by popular choice. His successor, chosen also by election, although of royal descent, was Kalikana, whose sister Liliuokalani, who was deposed in 1894. The kingdom lasted therefore not quite a century, during which the people exhibited a very marked faculty for self-government.

There is a pathetic side to the extinction of the Hawaiian nationality, and readers will not be surprised to learn that the news of the accomplishment of annexation was received without enthusiasm, and that doubts were expressed whether any islander could be found who would lower the flag.

THE CHURCH OF ENGLAND.

Not in a long time has the Church of England, in England, been as much agitated as at present over ritualism. The English press devotes much space to it and feeling is undoubtedly running very high. The agitation is not confined to any part of the kingdom, for we read in the same paper an account of a procession at Canterbury by Roman Catholics ostensibly as a demonstration in favor of the re-union of the English and Roman Catholic churches, and of a service in an established church in Liverpool, at which a number of the people made a charge upon the altar, for the purpose of tearing down the altar and extinguishing the candles, in the course of which chairs and books were thrown about the building, the disorder becoming

so great that order was restored only by the intervention of the police. The appeals and protests on both sides are full of zeal, and the bishops clearly feel themselves unequal to the situation. The Bishop of Liverpool, who was written to regarding the disturbance above mentioned, replied by saying that he was as much opposed to extreme ritualism as any one, but was powerless, adding that the remedy for the abuses, if any exist, lies with parliament. The Archbishop of Canterbury, dealt with the whole question in a speech, but he left it pretty much where he found it. The correspondents of the papers are very outspoken. One writer in the Times reminds the bishops that the reformation in England was "by the laity and for the laity." On the other side it is alleged that those who are the champions of the prayer book, more frequently neglect their sacred duties than the ritualists. One writer says there are scores of parishes in England, where the church service is practically unknown, and that these parishes are usually in the charge of clergymen, who are great sticklers for the prayer book. In his speech above referred to the Primate says that the extreme ritualists are influenced by religious zeal, and he declines to believe that any considerable number of them desire to see the church placed under this spiritual control of the Pope.

While these conditions naturally give rise to much anxiety on the part of those who are interested in the welfare of the Church of England and all British subjects must feel to a certain degree concerned as to the future of an institution so closely identified and interwoven with the history and social condition of the kingdom, it would be a mistake to feel any misapprehensions. The zeal of the ritualists on the one hand and of the low churchmen on the other indicates that the religious life of the country is strong and active, and taken in connection with the aggressiveness of the non-conformists, proves that the national conscience has not been deadened by a century of unprecedented prosperity and unexampled advance in material science. There were timid souls in the church and boastful critics outside of it fifty years ago, who expected that before the century was out religion would become a memory and the church edifices be transformed into hospitals or places of popular amusement. So far is this from having happened that there perhaps has not been a time during the last hundred years when there was greater religious activity in England than to-day, although it may find expression sometimes in rather startling fashion. Anything is better than religious torpor, and all must admit that religion in England is far removed from torpidity just now.

It is not advisable for the Colonist to express any opinion as to the merits of the matters in controversy. It is sufficient to chronicle the news, and make such comments thereon as seem apropos, and in this spirit we say that, regarding the present religious unrest of England in the light cast upon it by history, it seems like an awakening of the people as a preparation for new and tremendous responsibilities. England has always done her greatest work when the conscience of her people has been fully aroused. In some mysterious manner, which we need no hope to fathom, the people of England have been prepared in the past by periods of religious unrest for great crises. The Empire seems approaching a new crisis. No man can take a calm review of the situation in which our Empire stands towards the other nations of the world, without feeling himself oppressed with the stupendous problems presented by the immediate future. The outlook is perhaps not gloomy, but it is certain stormy and on the Eastern horizon there is a cloud-bank, which may be the cradle of a tempest such as the present century has not yet witnessed. The indications are that the Empire may need all the strength, all the courage, all the faith that can be put forth to meet the dangers ahead, and of these three qualities the greatest is the last. It is that which the nation will need to carry it through. In the collision, which is apparently inevitable, the British people must be prepared to stand against any and all odds, to consent to any sacrifice of blood or treasure in order that civil and religious freedom may not perish. In such a case they will need all the support which religious fervor can give, and the awakening of the conscience of the people now in progress may be a preparation for new responsibilities.

HISTORY AS A STUDY.

In the school curriculum in most countries, history occupies a very subordinate place, mathematics usually ranking first and history last. Yet if the object of education be at all the development of a high-class of citizenship, history should occupy a high place in the list of studies. The mental training of mathematical studies is no doubt very admirable, but a boy, who sets out in life, knowing something of the history of his own and other countries, will make a good citizen if he does not know the difference between a quadratic equation and one of those lines which linotype operators sometimes inflict upon newspaper readers. Every young Canadian should be taught enough British history to give him a correct idea of how this Empire became

"A land of settled government,"
"A land of just and old renown,"
"Where freedom broadens slowly down
"From precedent to precedent."
Unless a Canadian youth understands the full meaning of these lines of Tennyson, he has yet to appreciate "the glorious charter" which his citizenship

in the Empire gives him. These are wonderful words which Tennyson used. Indeed the whole poem from which they are taken is full of the British spirit, that invincible spirit of individual liberty, which makes the Briton the envy of the world.

"It is the land that freemen till,
"That sober-suited Freedom chose—
"A land, where grit by friends or foes,
"A man may speak the thing he will."
Not a boy should leave our public schools without the thought contained in the above quotations firmly implanted in his mind. Ignorance of the breadth of individual freedom, ignorance of the elasticity of the constitution, ignorance of how it has borne successfully the most tremendous strains, ignorance of how the system of parliamentary government under which we live has been built up—these are responsible for much that is wrong politically and socially. The study of history helps in the formation of character and fits the youth to encounter the influences that he is sure to meet as he becomes familiar with current literature, largely impregnated, as it is, with the germs of social disorder. It will teach him that there is no royal road to national progress, no short cuts across lots; that all attempts to reform social abuses by spasmodic effort have resulted in evils greater than those, which they were intended to remedy. It will show him that there is an evolution in the development of nations, as well as in other domains, and will take some of the "fin de siècle" conceit out of him. We live in a very advanced and rapidly progressive age, but if the voiceless lips of the statues of Memnon or Easter Island could speak, they might tell of ages of advance and progress. The world was not created within the last fifty years, yet the men who have been educated in schools, where the value of historical studies is not appreciated, are approaching the solution of the problems of the day very much as if it was.

A writer in the National Review says that an agreement was reached by the continental powers, with France at their head, to take charge of Cuba and force the United States to submit to European dictation. When Great Britain was approached, she declined to take part in it. A second request was made, which was met by the statement that Great Britain would use force to prevent such action. This leads the New York Sun to say: "Such is the important statement made by the editor of the National Review. If it is ill-founded an official contradiction should have come from the head of the French foreign office, who is charged with being the prime mover in the intrigue against the United States. No such contradiction has appeared. In the absence of any disclaimer on the part of M. Hanotaux or his successor we must assume that the National Review's assertions are true, and that the American people are indebted to Great Britain for an inestimable service at a most critical juncture."

The Colonist is as anxious to see the city furnished filtered water as any one can be, but it is not impressed with the idea of dismissing the city engineer, because he holds an opinion contrary to that of the majority of the council upon a proposition in engineering. We tell the aldermen that to dismiss an officer simply because he will not report in a certain way, when he stakes his professional reputation upon a contrary view, would be to set a very dangerous precedent. Those aldermen, who insinuate that Mr. Wilmot acted upon the suggestion of the mayor in making an unfavorable report, are unjust to the mayor, to Mr. Wilmot and to themselves. It is a good plan to give men credit for common honesty in matters of this kind.

The Winnipeg News thinks there ought to be a copyright law as regards news, so that one paper cannot steal from another, without giving credit. A better plan is for each paper to make itself as good as possible and never mind the other fellow. If he wants to steal, let him steal.

The Seattle Times discusses editorially what "cleanliness is next to godliness" means. Possibly it means that if you cannot be pretty you can at least wash your face. Applied to a city it might mean that if you cannot have your streets paved you can at least rake up the rubbish on them.

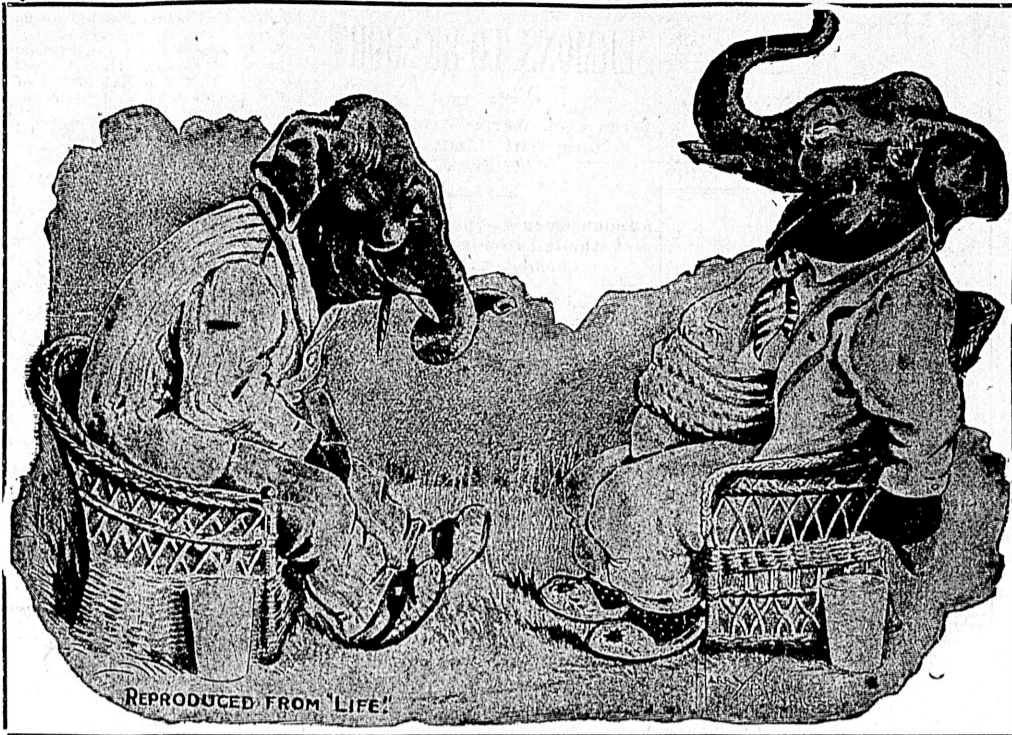
The Nelson Economist protests against the renewal of the agitation for the dismemberment of the province. We do not think anything will come of this agitation, which is after all only confined to one or two people, who have for personal reasons conceived a dislike to Victoria.

The Province has arrived at the conclusion that it does not make any difference how the Cassiar election goes, because Messrs. Irving and Clifford are really not government supporters, and the election will be invalid any way. The Province has a faculty of ignoring the facts and the law, when they do not coincide with its notions.

The condition of the City of Nelson as outlined in a Colonist telegram of yesterday is very fortunate. A city that has to pay no taxes, except for interest and sinking fund on a small loan, may look forward to being out of debt altogether and furnishing its citizens with all the water they need for domestic purposes free of charge.

The proposition has been made in the State of Washington to call the legislature together in special session for the purpose of passing a law under which the state volunteers serving at Manila and elsewhere may be allowed to vote at the state elections to be held this fall.

SOME GOOD THINGS



REPRODUCED FROM "LIFE"

The Canada Paint Co., Ltd.

Sole Manufacturers of the Celebrated "AMBERITE" Varnishes
Largest Paint, Color and Varnish Works in Canada.

Factories: Montreal Toronto Victoria

Genuine
Elephant
White
Leadis a good thing because of its
1. Great Body.
2. Durability.
3. Density and covering power."ELEPHANT"
BRAND
READY
MIXED PAINT

is another good thing for the inside and outside of cottages, it LEADS ALL OTHERS for beauty of tint, richness of lustre, durability. Made in 60 magnificent shades. Our

LIQUID
IRONITE

For floors and oilcloths cannot be surpassed. Put up in seven beautiful shades.

The Colonist ought not to plead guilty to Mr. Kitchen's rather vigorous indictment of the island press for neglecting the local mines, because it has not been neglectful in this respect, although possibly it might have done more than it did. We remind our correspondent that, if there is any laxity on the point referred to, on the part of the island papers, the fault must, in part at least, be borne by the men engaged in developing the mines. If a Kootenay man has anything worth telling about, he sees that it is told. Nothing would please the Colonist better than to print news every day about mining on Vancouver Island, and there is plenty of news to print if people like our correspondent, who are in touch with what is going on, would see that it is sent in.

There is nothing in the world so deadly as prussic acid. The Boston Transcript says that a single whiff of the odor of the concentrated acid will kill a man as quickly as a bullet through his heart. There are some marvellous things about chemistry. An experimenter inhaled a tiny bubble of selenide of hydrogen, and it so paralyzed his nerves of smell that for several days the strongest ammonia produced no effect upon them.

The Westminster Sun, speaking of the chief justiceship, says that this is an office that should seek the man. Very true, neighbor, but where is the man? If the Sun has any knowledge of his whereabouts, and will communicate the information to the minister of justice, it would confer a favor on that gentleman and set the minds of divers and sundry aspirants at rest.

It is quite impossible for any one to appreciate the Rossland Times without reading it. There never was anything like it on the North American continent. Its editorials are written in the first person and they are chiefly about the person who writes them.

FOLLOWED HUSBAND'S ADVICE.

"I was troubled for a long time with sick headaches. At last my husband bought me two bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla, telling me this medicine would cure me, as it had cured him of salt rheum. I began taking it and it made me feel like a new woman." Mrs. Robert McAfee, Deerhurst, Ontario.

Hood's Pills cure all liver ills. Easy to take, easy to operate; reliable, sure.

THE INSECT MIND.

It Works on Lines Remote from Our Own Experience.

(From the London Spectator.)

The interesting question suggested by the activities of the gardener ant is whether it consciously uses its intelligence, or, if not, how far "instinct" and reason are working side by side. In endeavoring to solve it, we are confronted at the outset with this difficulty, that the insect mind works on lines remote from our own experience, and exhibits its methods by indications very hard for us to interpret. The "loofness" of the insect mind from apprehension by vertebrates' brains perplexes all inquirers. We can range ourselves side by side with the constructive bird, or the engineering beaver. There is sympathy between us and them both in intelligence and feelings. But the mute expressionless being which animates the metallic shell of some social insect lives out of relation to our lines of thought. Man and dog may take common action on the same grounds; but we can not see the practical problems eye to eye with an ant.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The leading tailors, opposite Colonist office, corner Broad and Trounce Alley.

Victoria Tailoring and Dyeing Estab.
JOHN T. PIERRE, Prop.

123 Douglas Street - Opposite City Hall
Suits dyed for \$2.50. Suits cleaned for \$1.50
Bring along your suitings we will make them up cheap and to fit you to.

NOTICE—Thirty days from date I intend to apply to the Honorable the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to lease 160 acres of meadow land, situated about three miles up the creek running into the head of Puntzoo lake.
E. PENROSE LEE.
July 25, 1898.

LAND REGISTRY ACT.

In the Matter of an Application for a Duplicate of a Certificate of Title to Lot 1,045 one thousand and forty-nine, Victoria City.
Notice is hereby given that it is my intention, at the expiration of one month from the first publication hereof, to issue a duplicate of the certificate of title of LAURA S. J. CAMPBELL to the above lands, dated the 19th day of April, 1895, and numbered 403C.
S. Y. WOOTTON,
Registrar-General.
Land Registry Office, Victoria, B. C., August 3, 1898.

TO MINING MEN.

A well-known mining engineer and explorer, now in the north, will be open for an engagement in about two months. Would make an interest with other parties in a trip to prospect in northern British Columbia or Northwest Territories, the winter being the best season to explore the unknown portion of British Columbia and Northwest Territories. Address Explorer, Colonist.

PREPARE FOR WINTER

Before the fall rush is on, by leaving your order for any kind of
CAPENTER WORK

General Repairs, Store and Office Fittings, or Weather Strips, with
J. P. BURGESS,
Carpenter and Builder
10 Broughton St.

Notice of Removal.

Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper and Hon. Frederick Peters have removed their offices to the offices of Tupper, Peters & Potts, Board of Trade Building, Bastion street.

LEGAL NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that we have this day admitted Mr. J. M. Bradburn into partnership with us as barristers-at-law and solicitors, and that the business will in future be carried on at the same address as heretofore, under the firm name and style of Bradburn, Dumbleton & Innes.
Dated at Victoria this 1st day of August, 1898.
ALAN S. DUMBLETON,
A. W. V. INNES.

Collegiate School

41 Burdett Ave.
—VICTORIA, B. C.

STAFF:
J. W. Laing, M.A. [Oxon.]
Principal.

Rev. C. Ensor Sharp, M.A. (Cantab.)
Rev. W. W. Bolton, M.A. (Cantab.)

Moderate terms for day scholars and boarders. Boys received from 8 years of age and upwards.
The Christmas term will commence on Monday, September 20, at 2:30 p. m.

Apply to Principal.

WE SUIT YOU

More than one way. Our work always given satisfaction.

CAMPBELL & GO
The leading tailors, opposite Colonist office, corner Broad and Trounce Alley.

Canadian Yukon Gold Fields

The BANK of BRITISH COLUMBIA

Incorporated by Royal Charter, 1862

Arrangements have now been completed through the Canadian Bank of Commerce enabling this Bank to issue Letters of Credit, Drafts, Etc.,

Direct on DAWSON CITY,

(KLONDIKE.)

The Centre of the Yukon Gold Bearing District.

FOR ST. MICHAEL'S AND YUKON RIVER

BRITISH AMERICAN LINE

S.S. GARONNE, (4,000 Tons)

Capacity, 600 passengers, 4,000 tons Freight.

Will Leave Victoria August 20th,

Connecting with

River Steamers, Robt Kerr, City of Chicago, Paul Walters, Lulu, Stewart and Mascott. For full particulars apply to

Dodwell Carfill & Co., 64 Government St., Victoria, B.C.

Or to E. W. McGinnis, General Freight and Passenger Agent. Frank Waterhouse, Burke B'ing, Seattle, Wash.

500 Celebrated

PETERBOROUGH CANOES

Just Arrived.

OGILVIE'S MODELS.
Reasonable Prices.Weight 50 lbs.
CARRY ONE TON.

POINTS OF MERIT:

Lightness. Large carrying capacity. Durability and strength.

Cumbersome green lumber boats are expensive, heavy, and can only be used going down stream, being worthless for prospecting purposes up shallow creeks, owing to swift currents.
Avoid blockade at Lakes Linderman and Bennett. Scarcity of boat lumber will make it impossible to supply one fourth the demand. Correspondence solicited.

THE NORTH-WEST TRADING CO., OF CANADA.

FRANK WEIR & CO., Genl. Agents, Vancouver, B. C.

Ogilvie's waterproof canvas canoe covers. P. O. Box 419.

CUT PRICES

Beginning Monday, Aug. 1st we will make a

GREAT CUT IN
SHOE PRICES

Your opportunity is at hand. The balance of our stock of Tan Shoes and Oxfords, of every description must be cleared out during this sale. Do not delay but come early and make selections.



Shoe Emporium

CORNER OF GOVERNMENT AND JOHNSON STS.

BOYS' SUITS AT HALF PRICE

Two Weeks Only.

B. WILLIAMS & CO., CLOTHIERS, HATTERS AND OUTFITTERS
97 to 99 Johnson St., Victoria

NOTICE.

Klondikers and others travelling in the north will find the Colonist on sale at the following places:—
Fort Wrangel.....Wrangel Drug Co.
Fort St. John.....F. M. Zimmerman
Stagway.....J. H. Hyde
Drea.....Eugene Stahl

FIRE INSURANCE

HEISTERMAN & CO.
General Agents

THE LOCAL NEWS.

Fruit jars at Cheapside.
Drink Blue Ribbon Coffee.
Majestic Ranges at Cheapside.
Carpenter Tools at Cheapside.
McClary's ranges, Clarke & Pearson's.
Bass' XXXX on draught at the Occidental.
Hotel Victoria, Victoria, strictly first-class. Rates \$2 upwards.
Dissolution sale now on. Gilmore & McCandless, 37 Johnson street.
The Badminton, Vancouver; management, John Creighton. Strictly first-class. Rates, \$2 upwards.

Removed—Dr. A. E. Verrinder, to the corner rooms, The Sisters block, entrance No. 13, over C.P.R. office.

The Hotel Butler, Seattle, is the headquarters for Victorians, and the Colonist will be found on sale at the hotel news stand.

Wrought iron kerbs and brass kerbs for tile hearths, fenders, and a nice stock of andirons at Weiler Bros.

TO THOSE ABOUT TO MARRY—Spend the honeymoon at Prospect Lake, half-way house, Saanich road.

Hotels and restaurants are supplied with table linens and similar goods at special rates by Weiler Bros.

CYCLISTS camping ground, 6 miles from town. Tourists' Retreat, Saanich road.

Liberty cretonnes, art satens and our curtain nettings make up very effective bedstead draperies. Weiler Bros.

STOP! PAUSE! READ!—Stevens' Hotel, Saanich road, under new proprietorship.

Canvas curtaining, figured muslins, etc., are inexpensive, but excellent mid-summer hangings; new stock at Weiler Bros.

A new book of views of the city and surroundings, the daintiest and best issued yet. At the Victoria Book and Stationery Co. (late Jamieson's).

Ald. Humphrey will ask leave at tomorrow evening's meeting of the council to introduce a by-law to authorize the sale of lands within the city of Victoria upon which taxes have been due for two years.

Messrs. Hibben & Co. have got out a very neat little souvenir of Victoria containing a series of small photo-gravures. It ought to have a wide sale.

Yesterday was a day of adjournments in the police court. An adjournment was taken until Monday in case of *Prero* Godly, charged with aggravated assault, his victim, Antonio Parnell, being still in the hospital. Jim Au Wong, who helped himself to tobacco and soap, while working for Simon Leiser & Co., will be given a hearing on Tuesday. One drunk forfeited the amount of his bail, \$10, and a second drunk was convicted and discharged.

A concert in aid of St. Barnabas church will be held on the grounds of Mr. E. E. Wootton on Richardson street, above Cook, on Thursday evening, August 11, at 8 o'clock.

If you once try Carter's Little Liver Pills for sick headache, biliousness or constipation you will never be without them. They are purely vegetable, small and easy to take. Don't forget this.

MINERS.

Get your sheath knives, compasses, money belts, chamols bags, camping cutlery, mining glasses, fishing tackle, etc., from Fox's, 75 Government St.

OKELL & MORRIS'

PRESERVES AND MARMALADES
Are the Purest and Best

Children's Straw Hats, Sailor and Boaters'

AT HALF PRICE TO-DAY.

SAM REID, 122 Government St.

ICE CREAM SODA

HALL & CO.

Dispensing Chemists :: Clarence Block
Cor. Yates and Douglas.

SERMONS TO BE SHORT.

Because of Warm Weather, Pastors Will Limit Their Discourse.

Announcements for the Roman Catholic Cathedral—Rev. Mr. Coombes to Preach.

Short services and sermons crystallized into as few words as will make clear truths to be enunciated should be the rule in all of Victoria's churches today. Indeed the existing weather conditions do not permit of other arrangements, and brevity has accordingly been adopted as the seasonal watchword by a majority of the city pastors.

The only church in which the exercises of the day will be of a markedly important character is St. Andrew's (R.C.) cathedral, the congregation of which has just welcomed among them their new diocesan head, Right Rev. Dr. Christie. The new bishop is unhappily not yet recovered from the illness that seized upon him on the occasion of his westward journey, and although reported by his physician as greatly improved in condition yesterday, he will not be able to officiate on this, his first Sunday in his new field of work and usefulness. The services for the day at the Cathedral will nevertheless be of especial importance owing to the presence here for the induction ceremonies of numerous distinguished representatives of the church who will take part in the services of this morning and evening. These exercises take the following order:

8 a.m.—Low mass and sermon by Rev. Father Leternie.
10:30 a.m.—Pontifical high mass, celebrated by Right Rev. Bishop Duntoville of New Westminster, with sermon by the Most Rev. Archbishop Gross, of Portland, Ore.

7 p.m.—Compline and sermon by Right Rev. Bishop Duntoville, of New Westminster, with the pontifical benediction. The musical arrangements are:

Morning.
Kyrie.....Compe
Gloria.....Compe
Sermon.....Archbishop Gross, of Portland.
Credo.....Ave Maria.....Compe
Offertory—Ave Maria.....Compe
Contralto Solo by Mrs. Reed, of Portland.
Sanctus.....Compe
Ave Verum—Solo and Chorus.....Leprevoist
Agnus Dei.....Marzo

Evening.
Compline.....Bishop Lutens
Sermon.....

Ave Verum.....Wiegand
Ave Maria.....Selected
Tantum Ergo—Solo and Chorus.....Wiegand
At Christ Church cathedral there will be no departure from the usual services, morning and evening, the pulpit being taken by the Bishop and Rev. Canon Beaudouin. At St. James, St. Saviour's, St. Paul's and St. Luke's, the services are also announced "as usual," while at St. John's there will be morning prayer at 11, followed by a celebration of the holy communion; and evening at seven—Rev. Percival Jenins, the rector, preaching at all services, and the musical arrangements being as hereunder:

Morning.
Hymns.....3, 5, 321
The Gloria of God.....Handel
Evening.
Hymns.....379, 257, 19
Organ Voluntary—
Lebanon Processional March.....Dr. Westbrook
Credo from 12th Mass.....Mozart
The services at St. Barnabas take the following order, Rev. J. B. Haslam officiating at both morning and evening services; holy eucharist, 8 a.m.; matins, 10:30; choral eucharist, 11; and choral evening, 7 p.m. The musical arrangements are as below:

Morning.
Communion Service in E flat.....Slipper
Hymns.....323, 322, 324
Organ Voluntary—
Spring Song.....Mendelssohn
Interlude in F.....Nicholas Holms
Impromptu.....Arthur Page

Evening.
Hymns.....178, 281, 18
Organ Voluntary—
Pastorale in B flat.....Batiste
Duet in G.....Donizetti
Marche Pontificale.....Warriner

For this morning's service there will be an exchange of pulpits between the pastors of the Metropolitan and James Bay churches, Rev. George F. Swinerton, B.A., preaching at the former and Rev. J. C. Speer at the latter. In the Metropolitan, there will be Sunday school and Bible class as usual at 2:30, and in the evening Rev. Mr. Speer will continue his series of discourses on the "Mountains of the Bible—the Sinners and their Saints." In the Centennial church the pastor, Rev. W. H. Barraclough, B.A., will be at home with his congregation throughout the day, a covenant service being held in the morning, and the sermon in the evening being the third of the series of discourses on "The Four Last Things," the sacrament of the Lord's supper being administered at the close. Over in the Western suburb, services will be held as usual, Rev. J. P. D. Knox preaching both morning and evening.

The congregation of Calvary Baptist church will, in the holiday absence of their pastor, have the pleasurable opportunity to-day of sitting again under the ministrations of Rev. Mr. Trotter, the decessor, Rev. E. E. Coombes, of Calvary. The latter gentleman came over from Puget Sound by the City of Kingston yesterday and will officiate at all services of the day. In Emmanuel church there will be no departure from the customary order of service, and Mr. O. E. Kendall will preach both at 11 a.m. and at 7 p.m.

At the First Presbyterian church to-day the preacher at all services will be the pastor, Rev. Dr. Campbell, who announced for his evening subject: "The New Truth—we must be born again." At the other Presbyterian churches the services will be as ordinarily and each pastor filling his own pulpit—Rev. W. Leslie Clay at St. Andrew's; Rev. Donald MacRae at St. Paul's; and Rev. J. C. Forster in the district churches.

The Congregationalists meet for worship at 11 and 7 in the Temperance hall, Pandora street, the pulpit being occupied at both services of worship by Rev. H. W. Parsons, of St. Paul, Minn., a former Congregational preacher at Brighton, England. The Sunday school and Bible class meets at 2:30 in the afternoon.

termion and the Y.P.S.C.E. immediately on the conclusion of the evening service. Mr. C. P. Marson, of Seattle, a lawyer of the United States Supreme court, an astronomer of note, and a writer of more than ordinary force and brilliancy on scientific topics, will address this evening's meeting of the Universal Brotherhood, "The Stars and Their Influence on Our Lives," being the subject of his address—to be made doubly interesting and instructive by the use of a planetarium.

The Society of Friends, more commonly known as Quakers, hold their weekly service at 11 a.m. in the parlors of the Y.M.C.A., where all will be made welcome who care to attend.

At the Church of Our Lord, (R.E.), the venerable Bishop Oridge preaches the morning sermon, the pulpit being occupied in the evening by Rev. Dr. Wilson.

Services will be held as usual at the Home of Truth, 7 Discovery street, at 11 a.m. and 8 p.m. There will be Sunday school for children and Bible class for adults at 12 m.

ASSESSMENT REDUCED.

Mr. Justice Walkem Directs that the Valuation for Taxation of Mrs. Dunsmuir's Residence be Lowered.

Mr. Justice Walkem yesterday gave judgment reducing the city's assessment on Mrs. Dunsmuir's residence from \$80,000 to \$45,000, but ordered the lots to stand as assessed. The lots he decided were assessed in accordance with section 113 of the Municipal Clauses Act, which provides that the standard of valuation is to be the actual cash value as appraised in payment of a just debt from a solvent debtor. As to the residence the judgment says: "Mr. Northcott stated that he found it impossible to apply this rule or standard to Mrs. Dunsmuir's residence, as it was a very costly building, which no one here, as far as he thought, would on that account accept in payment of a debt. From information he had obtained he found that the structure had cost \$185,000, and in view of this sum he had considered that as valuation for assessment purposes at \$80,000 was a fair valuation. But a valuation on the basis of the cost of a structure is not permitted."

"Mr. Wilson's evidence is to the effect that in his belief the actual cash valuation of the appellant's improvements, as they would be appraised in payment of a just debt by a solvent debtor, for I repeat, a solvent debtor, is less than the sum of \$45,000. In these improvements he includes dwelling house, stable, lodge, and the front and other walls on the ground. I must therefore direct that the assessment of \$80,000 be reduced to the sum of \$45,000, named by Mr. Wilson."

Mr. W. J. Taylor, for the city, and Mr. Bradburn, for the appellant.

ELECTION PROTESTS.

Full List of Petitions Filed With the Registrar Up to the Closing Time Yesterday.

Twenty-five petitions have now been filed with Registrar Drake, of the Supreme court, protesting against the return of members at the recent provincial elections. It is probable that with the return of the petitions, all the elections will be protested. As \$2,000 has to be deposited with each petition by the petitioner, the registrar has quite a sum of money in his keeping. The full list of protests filed up to yesterday follows:

District and Petitioner. Member-elect.
Cariboo—A. G. Knight.....H. Helgesen (G)
Cariboo—A. G. Knight.....J. C. Kilham (G)
Alberni—James Tolmie.....Allan C. Neil (G)
Vancouver—J. J. Chambers.....R. Macpherson (G)
Vancouver—J. J. Chambers.....F. C. Cotton (G)
Vancouver—J. J. Chambers.....C. E. Tisdall (G)
Vancouver—J. J. Chambers.....Joseph Martin (G)
Cowichan—William Herd.....W. R. Robertson (G)
South Victoria—F. S. E. Hon. J. M. Eberts (G)
North Saanich—William Morgan.....John Bryden (G)
Nelson Riding, West Kootenay—E. F. Hume (G)
New Westminster City—D. Munro.....Alex. Henderson (G)
Esquimalt—T. Argyle Hon. C. E. Pooley (G)
Esquimalt—J. Aldrich.....W. F. Bullen (G)
Victoria City—W. P. Gregg.....H. D. Helmcken (G)
Victoria City—W. P. Gregg.....H. D. Turner (G)
Victoria City—W. P. Gregg.....Richard Hall (G)
Victoria City—W. P. Gregg.....D. Dewdney (G)
Dewdney—D. Dewdney.....R. McBride (G)
North Victoria—J. J. Downes et al.....Hon. J. P. Booth (G)
Nanaimo—W. W. Wilson.....R. W. McKelvie (G)
East Lillooet—D. A. Stoddart.....D. Prentice (G)
South Saanich—D. S. R. Roberts.....Ralph Smith (G)
Yale, North Riding—Hon. G. B. Martin (G)
West Kootenay—Rosaire J. P. Plante (G)
Mont.—.....J. M. Martin (G)

PERSONAL.

S. Marks returned yesterday from a business trip to Steveston. Captain Owen returned last evening from a visit to the Mainland.

A. Henderson, member-elect for New Westminster city, is in the capital. E. J. Palmer, of the Chemainus Mills, returned yesterday from a visit to California.

Mrs. Hammond and the Misses Hickey were passengers from Port Townsend on the Kingston yesterday.

G. H. Hayes and wife and Miss Pyle, of Alberni canal, are guests at the Driford.

Dr. William Saunders and his son Henry Saunders, of Ottawa, are visiting Victoria.

R. H. Jameson, H. G. Ross and John Coughlan were among the passengers from the Mainland by last evening's Charmer.

A. C. Sheldon, the Portland agent for the Burlington route, arrived in the city yesterday to meet Mrs. Sheldon, who has been visiting friends here.

E. B. Wootton, of H.M.S. Renown, now at Halifax, arrived from the East last evening in company with G. T. Waterlow and Dr. Marcus Johnson, of London, England.

F. S. Winston, Mrs. Winston, Miss Winston, G. Winston, H. Winston, Miss Bigelow and Miss Smyth form a party of tourists registered at the Driford. All except Miss Bigelow, who comes from St. Paul, are registered from Chicago.

"What is the first thing to do in order to equip myself for service in our navy?" Inquired the Spanish youth. "Well," replied a member of the Cadets, "for a start I would advise you to take swimming lessons."—Washington Star.

Anxious Mother—How is it that you have so much trouble with your boy? "You told me your wife could cook. Adult Son—She can. "Then what is the matter?" "She won't."—New York Weekly.

Stylish Hats, choice patterns in Shirts and Neckwear, at W. & J. Wilson's.

Biliousness

Is caused by torpid liver, which prevents digestion and permits food to ferment and putrify in the stomach. Then follow dizziness, headache,

Hood's Pills

Insomnia, nervousness, and, if not relieved, bilious fever or blood poisoning. Hood's Pills stimulate the stomach, rouse the liver, cure headache, dizziness, constipation, etc. 25 cents. Sold by all druggists. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

CLOTHING

For Boys

A perplexing problem is the clothing of boys. You must study comfort, appearance and durability. Does the suit fit the boy, please his taste, and fit your pocket-book? If so, the problem is solved. A look through our Boys' Clothing Department will help you.

Boys' Suits, \$2 to \$6.
Boys' Knicker Pants, 50c. to \$1.
Boys' Straw Hats Reduced.

What we do for boys we do for men—fit them in clothes, hats and furnishings.

CAMERON

The acknowledged cheapest Cash Clothier and Klondike Outfitter in Victoria. 55 Johnson street.

The Other Fellow!

Time enough to write with the pen! But how about "the other fellow" that busy man, whom you want to influence by your letter. Has he time to write? Don't you know that your pen-written letter is apt to go to the bottom of the pile, while a letter in the plain print of the Remington Typewriter gets immediate attention.

M. W. WAITT & CO.

Dealers in the—

Remington
Standard
Typewriters

NOLTE
For CORRECT GLASSES
37
COME TO US.
FORT ST.

FOR SALE

We have several CHOICE FARMS in Saanich, Cowichan and Sooke. Cultivated land in 5 acre blocks suitable for small fruit. Call and inspect our lists.

Of Houses to Rent and For Sale.

BEAUMONT BOGGS & CO.,

Established 1890.
28 BROAD STREET.

ST. ALIGE WATER

FROM

Harrison Hot Springs

PER

THORPE & CO., LTD.

Sole Agents.

VICTORIA. VANCOUVER.

Box 175 Tel. 435.

PABST BOHEMIAN

From Milwaukee. The finest Beer the world ever produced, on draught at the

Bank Exchange,
The coolest, cleanest, and cheapest Restaurant in the city. Never close.

"Companies Act, 1897."

Notice is hereby given that Enos Charles Jennings, general agent for the company of the City of Victoria, B. C., has been appointed the attorney for "The Giant Powder Company, Consolidated," in place of Elmer E. Green.

Dated this 19th day of July, A. D. 1898.
S. Y. WOOTTON,
Registrar of Joint Stock Companies.

HERE WE ARE AGAIN

40 INCH AUTUMN TWEEDS,
7 yards for \$1.00.
"PURITAN" BATTING,
8 oz. bats, best in the country, 3 for 25c.
FAST BLACK HOSE,
(Ladies') 15c. and 20c.)
10c. FLANNELETTES,
Extra wide, 14 yards for a dollar.
SOME 20c. "HOCHELAGA" (Can.) GINGHAMS,
8 for \$1.00.
400 LINEN FINISH TOWELS,
at 6c., worth 15c.

J. Hatcheson & Co.

THE WESTSIDE

Jewels a
Pleasure

Long Gold Chains, Chain
Bracelets, gold and silver
New styles in Gem Rings
just received.

C. E. REDFERN

43 Government St.

The Semi-Weekly Colonist

\$1.50 Per Annum

GEO. POWELL & CO.

Cheapside, 127 Gov. St.

Granite Fruit Kettles
Crown Fruit Jars
Rubber Rings All Sizes

CHEAPSIDE, 127 Government St.

WEILER BROS...

NOVELTIES IN

..TABLE LAMPS..

Have just opened out a
Line of

These lamps are the very latest in design, and are mounted with rich Ormolu fittings. We have a fine line of Hanging Lamps, manufactured by the best makers, and a nice assortment of Decorated Porcelain Table Lamps for you to look at.

..WEILER BROS...

51 to 55 Fort Street, Victoria, B.C.

We are the sole agents for the Pacific Coast for

FOUR CROWN
SCOTCH WHISKY

Ex-Benicia, Allonby and Agnes Oswald

— ALSO —

Corby's Rye Whiskey

In Bond and Duty Paid

TURNER, BEETON & CO.

WHAT THE PEOPLE SAY

Major Redfern Quotes Some Authorities in Support of His Position.

How Vancouver Island May Be Made Prosperous—How Did Ald. Hall Vote?

To the Editor:—Alderman Williams in the Times of Wednesday, 3rd inst., kindly insinuates that in the stand I have taken on the waterworks question I am actuated by a desire to spite the ratepayers because they did not grant the \$15,000 necessary to complete the work. I will therefore ask you to publish the following opinions from E. A. Johnson, C.E., T. Preece, foreman of the V.W.W., G. Glover, who was for eight months superintendent of the work carried on at the filter beds, and T. W. Paterson of the Victoria & Sidney Railway, who has had large experience in the filtration of the lakes of water on bankments. The report of the city engineer has already been published.

A careful perusal will enable the ratepayers to satisfy themselves whether I am acting in their interests or out of spite. I might remark in conclusion that the six aldermen who take the other side of the question have not brought forward anything to support them in their position, but depend entirely upon their own knowledge of engineering and hydraulics.

CHAS. E. REDFERN.

Nanaimo, B.C., August 5, 1898.

Dear Mr. Mayor:—In answer to your note, re the reservoir, I am perfectly confident that Mr. Wilmo's report would meet with the general approval of hydraulic engineers. It is perfectly understood that a reservoir to receive filtered water should be lined and covered. The probable effect of filling the reservoir in its present condition, and bringing into use would be to damage the slopes, and muddy the water, while the absence of a roof would encourage the growth of vegetable matter and permit leaves, etc., to accumulate in it. You would probably be able to get as good water direct from the lake, as you could from the reservoir after it had been in service a short time. Yours very truly, (Signed) E. MOHUN.

Victoria, B.C., August 2, 1898.

To His Worship the Mayor.

Dear Sir:—In reply to your request that I give you my opinion as to the advisability of using the reservoir at the Beaver lake waterworks in its present condition, I beg to state that I do not think it would be advisable to do so, for the following reasons. The action of the water if left in for any length of time, by the current created, and the action of the wind on the surface, would have the effect of injuriously affecting the slopes, by causing them to slide. This would necessarily effect the purity of the water by the admixture of the clayey matter composing the slopes with the water, thereby making it unfit for use. This would be sufficient to cause many unthinking people to condemn the whole works, whereas if the slopes were concreted this would be obviated. Besides I think it would be an unfair test of the capacity of the filter beds, for the reason that a great deal of the water would be wasted by percolating through the slopes, which would not be the case if they were properly covered with concrete. Yours respectfully, (Signed) GEORGE GLOVER.

Victoria, B.C., August 1, 1898.

Chas. E. Redfern, Esq., Mayor City of Victoria.

Sir:—In compliance with your request as to the using of the reservoir in its present condition, I would beg to say, that it is impracticable to do so, under the present conditions. The slopes would cave in and in my opinion the east slope would give way under the present unfinished conditions. I am, sir, yours truly, (Signed) THOS. PREECE, Foreman V.W.W.

Victoria, B.C., August 6, 1898.

Chas. E. Redfern, Esq., Mayor City of Victoria.

Dear Sir:—In reply to yours of the 3rd inst., in which you ask for my opinion as to the advisability of using the reservoir of the city waterworks in its present unfinished condition, I may state that I do not consider it advisable to use any part of an incomplete undertaking of this kind until the whole has been finished, more particularly earthwork requiring concrete protection.

If the reservoir is filled in its present condition a very considerable amount of damage will be done to the loose earth slopes caused by the wash and consequent sliding of the banks, this with a rank growth of vegetable matter on the slopes would soon cause the water stored in the reservoir to become discolored, impure and unfit for all household purposes. Yours truly, (Signed) T. W. PATERSON.

ALDERMANIC ENGINEERS.

To the Editor:—Not being an alderman with a salary from the corporation, I cannot and do not claim to be an expert engineer like them. It seems the salary carries with it suddenly wonderful technical knowledge, possibly from the great number of hands the coins or notes have passed through, thus ever increasing its knowledge and transmitting it by contact to the aldermen, who immediately before were entirely ignorant of such matters and were nothing to brag of. It is preposterous to suppose that a dollar after many experiences should remain a dumb dollar. Elk lake water seems to be neither better nor worse than it has been from time immemorial, and those drinking or washing with it, are in pretty good condition, not suffering in health therefrom if they drink more, aldermen as well, they might be better off. Then why such a manufactured hubbub about the water at the present moment? Is there an axe to grind? It seems as though these learned and expert aldermen have a design to make the water unfit for drinking or any other purpose, in fact to block up the pipes with clay and silt falling in from unprotected banks of the reservoir, for remember the reservoir banks are built up of loose friable earth. There is a deep design in this desire to spoil the water. There will be a plebiscite soon, and if the water remains as good as at present, the abolitionists may carry the day, but if the water be made bad, colored and muddy, in this case those who prefer liberty to drink what they please within lawful limits will gain the victory. In the former case the city will lose its revenue from licenses, in the latter increase it, in fact by making necessary to drink more beer, cider

and spirituous liquors—even home-made wines with a dash of brandy to keep it and prevent it souring on the stomach, and in this way increase the number of public houses and licenses and so increase its revenues. Oh! those cunning aldermen know what they are about—they can hold with the hare and run with the hounds. Talk temperance morality and so forth and at the same time make the virtues impossible! Angels and ministers of grace defend us. The angels being fearful of course! The citizens are healthy with the water as it is, and do not wish experiments to be made by the professional aldermen, who are by the bye, know everything, but luckily are not allowed to practice medicine by law, to learn whether clay in the water and other pollutants will and how affect people's health, basing its experiment on the fact that certain tribes of Indians or the uncivilized fill their bellies with clay and thrive on it. Then again there may be seen the astuteness of these inspired aldermen, inspired by the intelligence of the numerous hands that have touched the coin distributed to them as salary, has made them mediocres of the first and purest water, and to give more business to the medical profession in general and the grave-digger, tombstone-maker, tinsmith and funeral director into the bargain! There then is a new political economy to increase the business of and render the city flourishing and well known abroad. Bah! The water is good enough for the time being. The citizens have no real declared their want of confidence in the aldermen, and will not grant them any more money, for they know how to waste or give it away, but not how to spend it. In a few months a new council of perhaps differently inspired hypocrites will be elected and then they may find sufficient money to meet the expenditure out of the general revenue. No one knows how much citizens will have to pay yet for the fault of the inspired aldermen at the bridge. XXX.

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and be sure that the "M.M." and Star are on the 5 or 10 pound box that you buy

SIMON LEISER & CO., AGENTS

as short letters are the order, I think I had better stop, but I could say a great deal more.

JOS. E. PHILLIPS.

76 View street, Aug. 6, 1898.

LE ROI COMPLICATIONS.

The Pride of Rossland Now in the Hands of a Receiver.

The Le Roi company is now in the hands of a receiver, who is none other than W. A. Carlyle, the chief engineer of the British American corporation, says the Rossland Miner. This, the latest and most dramatic of the long series of developments in connection with the fight of the British American corporation to secure the property, occurred a few minutes after midnight last evening, when, acting under an order issued by Judge Spinks of the county court, Mr. Carlyle, accompanied by Sheriff Robinson, formally took charge of the property, after serving the necessary legal notice on Nicholas Tregear, the superintendent of the mine. W. J. Harris, the former manager of the company, who represented the Turner interests in Rossland, was in Spokane at the time and consequently he was not aware of the developments.

WHAT WILL THE TURNERITES DO?

It is possible, though, that the minority, represented by Senator Turner, will at once make application before the Supreme court of the province to have the appointment of the receiver set aside, but this is mere conjecture, for no one knows as yet how the Turner faction will view this latest development.

WHAT MR. MACINTOSH SAID.

Hon. C. H. Macintosh, the president director of the corporation, was seen shortly after midnight by a Miner reporter.

"Is it true that the British American corporation has secured an injunction against the management of the Le Roi company?" Mr. Macintosh was asked.

"Yes," said Mr. Macintosh.

"Why did the necessity arise?"

"Because the British American corporation owned a majority of the stock of the Le Roi company, and because on the resignation of Col. Peyton as managing director of the company, a vacancy occurred which in the interest of all the shareholders should be filled.

THE MAJORITY SHOULD RULE.

"Our corporation throughout all its dealings has endeavored to conduct its affairs on absolutely British commercial principles, which naturally means that a majority should have control. We held a control in the Le Roi company, and still hold a control, as I believed with the consent and the desire of the minority shareholders. I said this, however, because of my conversations with Senator Turner and Col. Turner.

"On Tuesday last, which was the day of the usual monthly meeting of the trustees, it was deemed necessary that a general manager should be appointed to succeed Colonel Peyton. Our legal advisers in Spokane advised us that although five out of the nine trustees were in favor of the appointment of Mr. Carlyle to that position yet Colonel Turner, the president of the company, absolutely refused to put the motion to that effect, and a motion of adjournment was declared carried, although a majority of the trustees present was opposed to the motion.

THE COURT'S APPEAL TO.

"This afternoon, Judge Heyburn, our solicitor at Spokane, arrived here, and presented affidavits which convinced me that the minority was not living up to the agreements which it had personally professed to me that it desired to carry out. I submitted the proposition to our Rossland solicitors, and the result was an application under the statutes of British Columbia to Judge Spinks, who happened to be in the city, asking that an injunction be issued and that a receiver be appointed. After very deliberate consideration, Judge Spinks granted the application, and appointed Mr. Carlyle the receiver, under a bond, which was approved by the judge. Acting under this authority, Mr. Carlyle and Sheriff Robinson proceeded to the Le Roi, where the necessary papers were served on the officials of the company. Mr. Carlyle then took possession, and appointed Nicholas Tregear, the superintendent of the mine, agent on behalf of the shareholders of the Le Roi.

"What was the nature of the injunction?"

NATURE OF THE INJUNCTION

"As I have said before, the nature of it was simply that as five out of the nine trustees were in favor of carrying out the wishes of the majority, while the chairman absolutely refused to allow the majority to rule, legal proceedings were necessary. In our country, where we have a reasonable judicial system, a mandamus would have been at once granted, requiring the chairman to put the resolution, but as the Le Roi company is incorporated under the laws of the state of Washington, that was an impossibility, and accordingly we came to the conclusion that Canadian law and Canadian court should be invoked to protect British investors, particularly as they held so many shares in the company. So far as our corporation is concerned, we still desire to be absolutely fair and honorable and to mete out even handed justice, be it to the minority or to the majority."

100 Pairs Men's Tweed

Pants \$1.20. for two weeks

only. B. Williams & Co.

SALE STILL ON!

FOR TO-MORROW WE WILL OFFER

Boys' Serge Reefers at \$1.25.

Youths' Seersucker Coats \$3.50, worth \$1.00.

Men's Soft and Starched-Front Shirts for 50 cents, regular price \$1, \$1.50, \$1.75, slightly soiled.

50 doz. Men's Wool Socks, 2 pair for 25c, regular price 20c.

Men's All-Wool Underwear, beautiful goods, all sizes, for \$1.75 a suit.

Our 5-cent Towels are going very fast. We had 100 dozen, but half are gone.

A few Boys' Jersey Suits at \$1.50 1/2 ft. They are good value for \$2.75, regular price.

START THIS MORNING.

Big Four of the James Bay Athletic Club Ready for the Great Race at Winnipeg.

In All Things But the Climate, They Are on Equal Terms With Their Opponents.

Early this morning the senior four-oared crew of the James Bay Athletic Association, champions of the Pacific Northwest, start on their journey to Winnipeg, where their friends confidently expect they will win greater honors, and even perhaps bring the championship of America to Victoria. There is no reason why they should not, although their opponents are men of world-wide reputation. First come the famous Argonauts of Toronto, who but a few days ago won the championship of all-America, and the hardly-less famous Winnipegers, who have lowered the colors of some of the best crews on this continent and had to be reckoned as worthy opponents of the crews of the big British clubs, which took part in the Henley regatta last season.

What makes Victorians think their crew can win against such crews as those mentioned? Well, in the first place the four stalwart young men, who wear the blue and white, have been rowing boats ever since their hands were big enough to hold an oar, three of them on Victoria harbor and Arm, which offer advantages for those fond of water sports, such as cannot be supposed anywhere. But some will say others who have had these advantages and were ambitious to be rowing champions, have found on meeting the scullers of the East, that they were not fast enough. The answer to this is that the time made by the fastest eastern crews and the time made by the Bays is known, and there is but a fraction of a second difference.

In every way the Victorians are on equality with the Argonauts and Winnipegers and in some respects they have a slight advantage. Their boat is the best that could be obtained; they have been rowing together for a number of years and have confidence in one another, a great point in any athletic event and last but not least their ages and weights compare favorably with the weights and ages of the men against whom they are going to compete.

Dan O'Sullivan, the stroke, is but 27 years of age, weighs 160 pounds and his height is 5.10; D. T. Jones, number 2, is the youngest member of the crew, being but 23 years of age, weighs 162 pounds and is exactly the same height as O'Sullivan; W. J. Scott, number 3, is 26 years of age, weighs 165 pounds and stands 5 feet 3 1/2 inches; Fred Widdowson, the oldest and lightest of the four, is 30 years of age, weighs 150 pounds and stands 5 feet 10 inches.

A fear was expressed by some that the crew, used to rowing on salt water, would not be at home on a river. Those who expressed this opinion forgot about the performance of the crew on the Willamette at the Portland regatta. They won there and rowed just as well as they did on Esquimalt harbor and Burrard Inlet.

As a matter of fact the only disadvantage that the Bays will have to contend against is the climate, the weather being intensely warm at this time of the year in Winnipeg. However, the big races are to be rowed in the evening, after the heat of the day has passed and besides the men will have just one week to get used to the change, they being due to arrive in Winnipeg on Wednesday next early in the afternoon and the regatta not commencing until the following Wednesday.

Mr. James H. Lawson, Jr., will accompany the crew as manager; Thomas Watson as trainer and Bob Johnston, who has been coaching them during the past couple of weeks, may join them in the capital of the Prairie Province. They go East over the Great Northern railway, their boat going in the same car, hung from the ceiling. The day of the race will be an anxious one in Victoria, but of one thing all are confident—the boys will do their best to pass the blue and white streamer under the wire in advance of the colors of their opponents.

LACROSSE.

Vancouver in Hard Luck. Vancouver, Aug. 6.—(Special).—Today's lacrosse match in the senior championship series took place at Westminster between the Vancouver and Westminster teams, and resulted in a victory for Westminster by 3 goals to 1. Owing to the hot weather the game did not commence till after four. Westminster won easily, and the time of the games was short. The result was owing mainly to chapter of accidents occurring to Vancouver men. B. Miller had his knee put out again, and Quinn was laid up. At no time could Vancouver play in form.

THE WHEEL.

A Loophole of Escape. When Ernest W. Bradley and some half a dozen other amateurs entertained the throng by racing at the Caledonia park in connection with the Foresters' demonstration of a fortnight ago, it was generally supposed that they took the consequences upon themselves of being suspended by the C. W. A.—for the races in question were not sanctioned, nor had the promoters of the meet so much as made application for official recognition of the wheeling events. It now appears, however, that there

is a rational loophole of escape for the supposed victims of official red-tapeism, Chief Consul Prescott taking the very common sense view that inasmuch as the Caledonia grounds do not possess a cinder track, the races that may be held there do not come under the jurisdiction of the C. W. A., which makes no attempt to control road or field events.

In the view of the case taken by Mr. Prescott he apparently has the endorsement of the highest authority, for Mr. A. E. Walton, chairman of the Dominion Racing Board, has thus expressed himself in a letter to the chief consul in connection with a precisely parallel case—the suspension of Spain and Kendall, by then Chief Consul Fullerton, in the fall of 1896:

"The cases of Spain and Kendall are very peculiar, and there is no doubt but that they were improperly suspended and transferred in the first place, as the C. W. A. does not govern racing on the road, no matter if it is considered a track by promoters of such races. A road is a road, and a track a track. I therefore do not see how it was possible for Mr. Fullerton to act officially as he did."

The cases referred to were run on a road or between path in a stubble field, and Spain and Kendall having appealed against their punishment, the recommendation of the Racing Board on the subject will be heard at the annual meeting

KING OF THE COAST.

L. A. Campbell of This City Establishes a New Record for the Hundred Miles.

With Worse Than Indifferent Roads He Covers the Long Distance in Six and a Half Hours.

There is joy and jubilation among the wheelmen of Victoria to-day, while a special, commendable and non-puncturable pride inflates the bosoms of the Capital City Cycling Club—for L. A. Campbell has once again demonstrated his leadership of the long distance road-riders of the province, and has carried the green and gold of the Western suburb club to the saluting base of record distinction.

Six hours and thirty-five minutes on a dusty road is Campbell's last and best performance, giving to Victoria the honor of a record that stands for British Columbia, the Pacific North West, the Dominion of Canada as far east as Ontario—and the Pacific coast. It was a

hadn't time to so much as pass the time of day with them, so intent was he on giving this new record to the Province and the Coast:

"The Century on Road—L. A. Campbell, C.C.C.C., Victoria, British Columbia. August 6, 1898—6:35 flat."

Swanson Wins the Match Event. Nanaimo, Aug. 6.—(Special).—A professional bicycle race for \$100 a side between Sinie Swanson of Nanaimo and E. Marshall of Vancouver took place at Wellington to-night before a crowded grandstand. The race was in heats—one mile. The first trial was declared a dead heat; the succeeding two were won by Swanson, the best heat in 2:31. In the second Swanson won out by 20 yards, and in the third by fully 25.

The greater part of the distance was ridden without pace, although at Emory's cross-roads the Mosses, full lent assistance with a tandem, and for the final ten miles Chambers was on hand to carry his clubmate home at a steady 3:20 clip that took minutes off the record. The whole century was ridden with magnificent steadiness, as the following detail report of the timers shows:

First 20 miles—1 hour, 41 minutes.
Next 20 miles—1 hour, 50 minutes.
Next 20 miles—1 hour, 38 minutes.
Next 11 miles—45 minutes.
Next 11 miles—41 minutes.
Total 100 miles—6 hours, 35 minutes.

From this it will be noticed that an average speed of better than four miles was maintained all through the distance, with a minimum drop for the 17 minutes taken for rest and refreshment, or for the time lost through falls. Of the latter, the



VICTORIA'S "BIG FOUR."

of the National Association next Good Friday.

Hunter on the Black List.

Notification has been received by the resident officials of the C. W. A. that W. Hunter, the Provincial champion, and the hope and pride of the Wellington cyclists, has been suspended by the C. A. C. C. for asking hotel and traveling expenses, and threatening not to compete at a meet for which he had entered in Seattle unless these were paid. The British Columbia authorities have not yet taken definite action as to the recognition of the suspension, which is for one year, but a report on the case in detail, with all correspondence in connection, has been made to the Racing Board by the chief consul. Hunter certainly seems to have seriously jeopardized his amateur standing, and the probability is that the C. W. A. will stand by the decision of the governing Coast racing body. Otherwise it will be impossible for any Puget Sound amateur to compete at any race meet in this province during the next twelve months.

The Membership Growing. Since Mr. J. W. Prescott, of Vancouver, assumed the direction of affairs in the Pacific division, the popularity of the C. W. A. in the West has been growing by leaps and bounds, while numerically it is also advancing steadily. The membership in British Columbia is now 425, or 100 more than in 1897, while this will be still further added to before the close of the year. Five new clubs have been formed and affiliated, and one, the Victoria Wheelmen, has disappeared—or rather been divided among the J. B. A.'s and the C. C. C.'s—leaving a net gain of four clubs. Vancouver's club gives a membership of two hundred alone, and the ten clubs of the province certainly should be productive of five or six hundred votes before 1898 is at a close. In the Dominion association everything is now in preparation for the annual meet, to be held at Winnipeg on the 5th and 6th September, and which if present expectations are realized will be attended by a numerous Far West deputation.

A PARSON'S LIQUOR BUSINESS. The idea of a parson running a liquor business is somewhat averse to the conventional traditions of that industry, but according to an account received from England such a combination may prove a good thing for the community. The rector of a village in Warwickshire was made sole trustee of a beer shop under the will of his predecessor, who left it to the parish. At first the rector was sorely exercised as to whether he ought to keep the public house open, but feeling that if he closed the house another might be opened over which he would be unable to exercise any control, he came to the conclusion that it would be better for the parish if he ran it himself. Consequently for the last twenty-two years he has done so. The one thing that he strove for assiduously was to give his people wholesome beer; and he had the satisfaction of knowing that there was hardly such a thing as drunkenness known in his village. To manage the house he had one of his own servants—generally his coachman or his gardener. The manager was allowed the profits on mineral waters, and eatables, but not on beer. No spirits were sold. As a consequence of his refusal to serve spirits he was of opinion that spirit drinking among the women of his village had practically been abolished. The profits of the undertaking nearly all went to the parish in one shape or another. One of the features provided by the house every year was a harvest home feast, which every one of the parishioners, from high to low, entered into with the greatest zest. The house was kept open for six hours every Sunday. As a result of his experience, the clergyman has laid down the principle that managers should not have an interest in the sale of drink, and that the profits of such a concern, after all expenses have been paid, should be given to hospitals.

ENTERED.

Str. Charmer, from Vancouver.
Str. City of Kingston, from Port Townsend.
Str. R. P. Rithet, from New Westminster.
Str. Evangel, from Port Angeles.
Str. City of Nanaimo, from Nanaimo.

CLEARED.

Str. Charmer, from Vancouver.
Str. City of Kingston, from Port Townsend.
Str. R. P. Rithet, from New Westminster.
Str. City of Nanaimo, from Nanaimo.

splendid test of speed, courage and endurance, gallantly ridden; and few of the aspirants in British Columbia have the heart to challenge the mark placed yesterday by the local long distance king.

Campbell's former best performance was 6:30, made last season, but in view of an alleged dispute as to the timing, the local officers of the C.R.C. refused to recognize it as a record, and Mr. A. Daniels' 7:26 was written down as a best performance for British Columbia. Appeal was lodged in Campbell's behalf with the executive of the C.R.C., but pending its decision, Campbell himself adopted a yet more effective method of demonstrating his superiority over all comers at the long distance.

There was another century trial arranged for the 6th August, and he was the first to enter for it. This time he saw to it that he had tires to stand the work; and as he was out on his whirlwind riding, his friends were confident that there would be a very sick-looking has-been record labelled Daniels before the moonlight came. And that was just what happened.

The course was the newly adopted Saanich peninsula triangle, with the start from the Royal Oak—a measured and certified 100 miles, with the finish near Breed's cross-roads, not far from Sidney. In order to avoid inconvenience to or from teams or pedestrians, Campbell elected for an early start, and although Referee and Starter A. J. Dallin—who as District Centurion of the C.R.C. had charge of the record trial—was on the ground by 4:30, it was an hour and a quarter after this before Campbell and his solitary companion in the ride for honors started out.

This companion was J. O. Griffin, of the C. P. N. service, who was left behind, however, almost as soon as the starting order was given. Assisting Mr. Dallin in the judging and timing were Messrs. H. B. Young, of the J. B. A. A. cycling branch; L. Tait, president of the C.C.C.C.; and C. A. Chambers, secretary of the club under whose colors Campbell rides.

The second spill was yet more serious and was caused through one of the numerous stumps protruding from above the level of the road and in the centre of the driveway, about a mile from Breed's crossing. Striking this obstacle, Campbell's wheel went up in the air, and he himself turned a complete somersault, his side and leg being frightfully torn and bruised. The third tumble was near Wright's, and was less disastrous. The roads all through were dusty and rough—in no condition for a test of speed—which makes the performance even more commendable.

Campbell rode his first seventy miles without refreshment or a dismount, except the fall, and chocolate was his only stimulant. He drank nothing at this stage of the trip; and kola only for the grind at the finish. Naturally he showed the effect of the work and the falls when the ride was done; but after the attentions of his friends, rest and luncheon at Sidney, he appeared once more fresh and bright as a new dollar—and when he went down town for his mail in the evening, it was as usual on the reliable B. & D. that had carried him so steadily through the arduous day.

Griffin did not finish. He had completed 38 miles and was going well when a party of three cows challenged the right of way. Two took one side of the road, and the third a centre position. Griffin slowed up and was passing when the horned monarch of the highway placed a back kick fair on his sprocket wheel, demolishing it and sending the rider to grass. Of course, with his wheel gone, Griffin had to drive home, consoling himself with the hope of better luck some other day.

The cows didn't bother Campbell. He

century rider was unlucky enough to get three, which sadly tried his condition and his grit. The first came just as he was about completing the half century, and was occasioned through some Sivasas girls with a team and wagon refusing to concede riding room, and forcing the wheelman into the ditch, with a badly bruised shoulder as the result.

PASSENGERS.

Per steamer City of Kingston from the Sound—G. Fugate, R. Hodgins, H. Grater, Cos. Walser, J. S. Latimer, P. Macrae, Miss Cos. Walser, Mrs. McGinnis, Miss Garretson, E. Maudslayi, Mrs. George, C. Foster and wife, J. E. Coombs, Mrs. Byas, B. Moore and wife, Miss Holden, J. H. Brown, J. Dale, H. Miller, A. Haslam, S. Hay, F. Call, W. E. Harker, Miss Beches, Mrs. La Course, Miss Allanblack, Mrs. M. Whitney, G. S. Waterlow, J. B. Waterlow, R. N. Dr. M. Johnson, Miss F. A. Sutherland, and sister, Miss Weller, James Cleveland and wife, Mrs. Cleveland, W. H. McPhee, A. C. Sheldon, A. B. Smith, Rev. F. L. Palmer, C. T. Smith, S. D. Brooks, Mrs. Smith, E. J. Palmer, Benton, E. L. Lane and wife, F. D. Barto and son, J. H. McNight, G. E. Burke and wife, H. Cameron, Mrs. Hammond, Miss Hickman and two sisters, Mar. Chant, P. Antonio, J. J. Call, H. Watson, Mrs. O'Neill, Miss Johns, A. S. Morris, J. A. Browne, Mrs. Horner, N. Gross, Mrs. R. N. Hardy.

Per steamer Charmer from Vancouver—R. H. Jameson, H. L. Johnston, Miss M. Fulford, J. L. Grimson, Frank Weston, C. F. Higgins, J. N. Henderson, Chas. Owen, Geo. J. Higgins, B. Wilkinson, J. B. Wilkinson, W. J. Snodgrass, Mrs. Sely, Mrs. McLean, T. S. Theberge, Rev. Palmer, W. B. Lees, H. G. Ross, J. Coughlan, H. S. Saunders, Prof. Sanders, G. O. M. Dockrill, C. White, Miss Martin, J. D. Norris, S. B. Fisher, A. Henderson, F. S. Winston and party of seven, G. Snider, Capt. Dixon, Mrs. F. N. Henderson, W. Henderson, Mrs. DeMoore, J. G. Clark, L. Kunkle, J. G. McKinnay, Stanway, J. V. Babine, T. O. Lewis, Mrs. Lewis, Mrs. McNeill, B. R. Simondier, J. Watson, A. S. Alward, A. Brown, A. Youmans, H. T. Youmans, C. S. Calmes, S. D. Lyle, Agnes Kelsey, E. J. Benedet, C. Kittall, Mrs. Pickard, W. R. Pickard, Mrs. J. Shelbourne.

CONSIGNEES.

Per steamer City of Kingston from the Sound—T. J. Trapp, E. G. Prior & Co., Valo & Brooks, W. S. Fraser & Co., Patton & Son, R. B. Dixon, Crickman Bros., John Boyd & Co., Hans Nelson, John L. Laidlaw, J. H. Beeton & Co., Weller Bros., P. T. Patton & Son, D. K. Chunganes, A. McGregor & Son, H. B. Co. and George Carter.

Per steamer Charmer from Vancouver—Turner Bros. & Co., B. P. N. & Co., Wm. Henderson, A. McGregor, H. G. Watson, Schroeder Bros., J. H. Baker, J. C. Cochran, Orell & Morris, Lenz & Lelzer, H. B. Co., V. Waterworks, P. Steele, J. P. Hickey, A. W. Wilson, G. Nell, R. Maynard, Geo. Munro, Hibben & Co., Weller Bros., Thos. F. Gold, Albion Iron Works, H. Short & Sons, A. Greig & Son, Ames & Laidlaw, Co., J. Partridge, D. Spencer, C. C. Russell, J. Fullerton, Thomas Bros. & G. W. Stewart, W. S. Fraser, T. Earle, G. Hicks, E. F. Robinson, W. & J. Wilson, P. R. Stewart, J. M. Hines, Dom Exp. Co., Prior & Co., Province Clear Co., Norris, Vie Book & Stationary Co., Henderson Bros., J. Horner, G. B. Jones, Rev. Crosby, G. C. Hill, Sam. Laidlaw, J. H. Laidlaw & Son, C. A. Schooley, M. J. Lindsay, Todd & Son, Beatty & Co., M. J. Thompson, Miss S. Smith, D. E. Campbell, Thorpe & Co.

NOT WHOLLY A CALAMITY.

"There is hardly anything that can happen to a man," Mr. Jones was saying, as reported by the Youth's Companion, "that he cannot turn to some good account if he will."

"I don't know about that," said Mr. Brown. "How about that disabled thumb of yours?"

"Ah, yes, that thumb!" rejoined Mr. Jones. "It was crushed in an accident. You notice I can't bend it. It's perfectly stiff at the middle joint. The nail came off, of course. You observe the hard, horny nail that grew in place of the old one?"

"I see."

"Well, for the last three years I have used that thumb-nail for a screw-driver."

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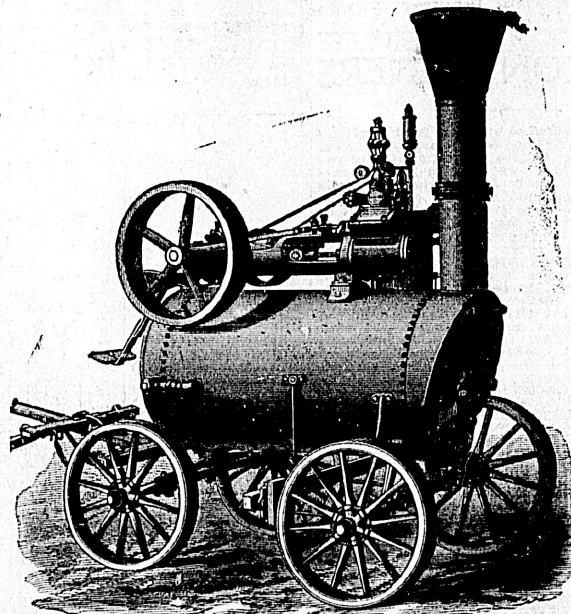
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